

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 31, 1850.

Mr. V. B. PALMER, Tribune Buildings New York; Third and Chestnut Streets, Philadelphia; and Scollay's Building, Boston is Sole Agent for the Sentinel in those cities; and is also authorized to receive subscriptions and advertisements, &c. on our account.

RELIGIOUS NOTICE.—The Rev. GEORGE C. WORVEL will address the Union Brethren in Christ, of Fort Wayne and vicinity, at the Court House, on the evening of the 7th of September, and at 11 o'clock on the morning of the 8th.

CONGRESS.—The proceedings of this body have not much interest this week. The Senate has, by a vote of 27 to 12, passed the Fugitive Slave Bill, which is the last of the measures included in the Omnibus Bill. Mr. Pratt, of Maryland, moved to amend the bill, so as to compel the United States to indemnify the owners of fugitive slaves by paying their full value, in case they were not recaptured. This very modest proposition was rejected. It is truly amusing to witness the effrontery of these Southern ultras when anything relative to slavery is up. It would be equally just to ask the United States to indemnify the owners of stray horses or cattle or of any stolen property for their losses, as to pay these slave owners for their runaway negroes. It is reported that President Fillmore will veto the bill, if it pass the House.

None of the bills have yet been finally acted on in the House. It is believed they will pass, though a severe struggle is anticipated on the Texas and New Mexico boundary bill, and it is possible the line may be altered so as to give to New Mexico a larger portion of the disputed territory than is awarded to her by the bill as it passed the Senate.

The civil and diplomatic appropriation bill, and the post route bill have both passed the House.

TEXAS.—The Governor has issued his proclamation calling for 10,000 men to take possession of that portion of New Mexico claimed as part of Texas. Volunteers are said to be answering the summons with alacrity: though at the same time a few hundred Indians have for months kept the frontiers in a state of alarm, and the Texan chivalry, instead of flying to the rescue, have been humbly begging the United States to send a few troops for their protection. If the Texans are unable to drive off the Indians, it strikes us as supremely ridiculous for them to talk of leaving war on the United States. The whole thing is a palpable piece of Buncombe, intended to operate on Congress, and secure as good a bargain as possible in the adjustment of the boundary question; but that body has seen so much southern bluster and unblushery this session, that we think the attempt must fail. Such things are beginning to be appreciated at their true value.

The Republic says that a gentleman of the highest intelligence has just arrived from Texas. There is but little doubt that the Texas boundary bill will meet the sanction of an overwhelming majority of the people of the State.

United States Senator.—Candidates.—John Pettit of Lafayette, R. D. Owen of New Harmony, W. J. Brown of Indianapolis, Gov. Wright, and others have been named as candidates for the Senate in place of Jesse D. Bright, whose term expires in March next.—The Richmond Jeffersonian is out in favor of Judge Borden of this city.

Our own impression is that Mr. Bright will be re-elected. If he is not, we claim that the North is fairly entitled to the next Senator, and hope that her claims may not be again overlooked by the Legislature. It is a little singular, that while the North is the truest and most reliably democratic portion of the state, it is always passed by in selecting the persons to fill important public offices. Why is this?

MISSOURI.—The Whigs have elected four members of Congress, and the democrats one.—Mr. Phelps. The Legislature, as far as heard from, stands whigs 64, Benton democrats 47, anti-Benton 27. There remains 23 members to be heard from, which will probably increase the majority against the whigs. So much for disunion and disaffection.

Now, though either of the fragments into which the democrats are broken is less numerically than the whigs, yet the latter would be in a helpless minority if the democrats would unite. They surely owe it to their party and country to do this, and not by their dissensions aid in electing a whig U. S. Senator. If Mr. Benton cannot be elected, his friends ought certainly to unite with the anti-Benton democrats and elect some good democrat who might be acceptable to the whole party; and on the other hand, if Mr. Benton is the choice of a majority of his party in the state, his opponents ought to give way and acquiesce in his election. If the democrats do their duty there cannot by any probability be a whig U. S. Senator from Missouri.

Gallant Little Iowa is destined to take a proud place in the democratic column. At her late election, she has elected a democratic Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, and other state officers, two members of Congress, and five-sixths of the Legislature. The Legislature stands—

Dem. Whigs. Maj. Senate, 13 6 7 House, 35 4 31 Dem. maj. on joint ballot, 38 Thirty-eight majority out of 58 members! That will do pretty well for a new country.

Severe Mortality at Milwaukee.—The Detroit Free Press says, several despatches were received in Chicago from Milwaukee, to the effect that the mortality in that city had been alarming for the two days preceding. The number of burials on Friday and Saturday were stated to have been one hundred and nine. The disease is said to be bilious dysentery.

Hon. John W. Davis, of this State, U. S. Commissioner to China, arrived at Washington on the 19th.

It is rumored there is some trouble in the New Cabinet. Mr. McKennan the Sec. of the Interior, and Mr. Webster are said to have had some misunderstanding, in consequence of which the former talks of resigning. Whiggery is not the most harmonious thing in the world.

P. S. This morning's papers state that Mr. McKennan has actually resigned his seat in the cabinet, and returned to his residence in Pennsylvania.

The London Historic Times states that Abbott Lawrence, the American Minister in London, openly sides with the protectionists in that country. The cry for protection in England is confined to land-owners, who seek to drive foreign grain and bread stuffs from their markets, in order that they may keep up their inordinate rents, and continue to fatten themselves at the expense of the starving millions, whom the miserable policy of raising the price of provisions by prohibitory duties would doom to distress and privation. The object is simply, to drive American wheat and flour from the English market, and this monstrous scheme is openly countenanced by the American minister! What say the Western farmers to this choice specimen of Whig patriotism? It may suit Mr. Lawrence's narrow mind to throw impediments in the way of a free exchange of the cheap goods of England for the cheap bread of America, and he might reap a double advantage from being enabled to force his cottons on the people of America at his own prices, and at the same time by cutting off the foreign demand so reduce the prices of produce that his operatives could afford to work at reduced wages; but such a monstrous iniquity will not be tolerated by the American people, especially by the citizens of the West, against whom the rule would work both ways, by compelling them to sell their produce cheap, and pay high prices for their goods. The sooner Mr. Lawrence is recalled the better for the credit and the interests of the country.

THE AREA OF THE TERRITORY OF NEW Mexico, if the bill passed by the Senate a few days since goes through the House, will be not far from one hundred and fifty thousand square miles. The territory will be over three times as large as the State of New York, which contains forty-six thousand square miles. The area of Texas, if the Senate's boundary bill for that State passes the House, will be about two hundred thousand square miles.—The bill establishing the territorial government for New Mexico, provides that she shall be admitted as a State, with or without slavery, according as her constitution says at the time she applies for admission.

Another Rag-Bill fulfilled its Destiny.—The Havre de Grace Bank of Maryland has stopped payment. There has been a strong effort making for some time to set the worthless rags of this bank into circulation at the West—a preparatory step to its bursting up.

Fort Wayne Woolen Manufactory.—It is not perhaps generally known that we have a woolen manufactory in this place, where every description of Woolen Goods, such as Cloths, Sattinets, Jeans, Tweeds, Blankets, Flannels, &c., &c., of a very superior quality, are manufactured. But such is the fact. Messrs. RUDISILL & WOLKE, the enterprising proprietors of the factory, have spared no expense in procuring the very best of machinery, and having engaged skillful and experienced workmen, they produce goods fully equal to any eastern manufacture, as regards either quality, finish or durability. We would recommend dealers to give them a call and examine their stock before proceeding east to purchase; for although we are opposed to compelling any one, by heavy protective taxes, to purchase home manufactures at high prices, yet we think it the duty of every one to give such articles the preference, so far as he can without making too great a sacrifice of his own interest. We therefore hope dealers in this part of the country will give Messrs. Rudisill & Wolke a call. They might find it to their interest to do so.

Hon. JESSE D. BRIGHT, our Senator in Congress, has secured hosts of friends by his many, open, and straight-forward course in the discharge of his duties. We see complimentary notices of him in several of the eastern papers, and his reelection to the Senate appears to be looked for by most of them as a matter of course. The Washington Union says:

INDIANA ELECTION.—The official returns have been received. The democrats elect twelve senators, and the whigs five. Twenty-one democratic senators hold over, and twelve whigs—making sixteen democratic majority. It is to be hoped the democratic elect six whig representatives, and the whigs thirty-seven majority. Majority on joint ballot, forty-two. In the convention the democratic majority is about forty. We have another agreeable piece of information from this democratic State. Free soilism is in very bad order in the Hoosier State; as a proof of which, we understand that but one free-soiler has been returned to the legislature. Well, indeed! This triumphant majority will, we trust, secure the reelection of Mr. Bright, the present distinguished senator, who has exhibited a degree of public spirit, a generous patriotism, and commanding talents, sufficient to entitle him to the very best compliment which the Pennsylvania pays in the following tribute:

Hon. JESSE D. BRIGHT.—We think it is certain that the election for members of the legislature in Indiana, as well as for delegates to the convention to amend the constitution of that State, has resulted in securing triumphant majorities in both bodies for the democracy.—The legislature will be called upon to elect a United States senator for six years, from the 4th of March next ensuing—the term of Mr. Bright, one of the present senators, expiring on that day. We believe we reflect the wish of every sincere democrat, North, West, and South, when we assert that the re-election of that bold and fearless democrat would best secure the interests of the democratic party of Indiana, and would be hailed with joy all over the Union. No man in Congress has made more friends, or has exercised a stronger, or a wider influence. Though still quite a young man, he has already taken his stand among the statesmen of the country. Sympathizing with all his soul with the progressive spirit of the age, and full of generous and patriotic impulses, he has also the prudence and sagacity which are necessary to constitute a successful senator. He has no feeling in common with any sectional or one-day party, nor adheres resolutely to the platform and the principles—to the measures and the men—of the national democracy. In the Senate he has never faltered, but has met every crisis with a calm and unshaken faith in that ideal which is so sure to outlive the assaults of time.

And so necessary to the salvation of the Union itself from the machinations of reckless egotism. Indiana has good reason to be proud her noble son; and we sincerely hope she will not allow him to retire after his present term in the Senate of the United States.

The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore Sun, an independent and influential neutral paper, thus notices the result of our late election, and the probability of Mr. Bright's return to the Senate:

"The elections in Indiana have resulted in giving the democrats a large majority on joint ballot, both in the legislature and the convention to amend the constitution. This secures a reelection of Mr. Bright to the U. S. Senate. Mr. Bright has done his duty and his whole duty in the Senate, and his reelection to the body of which he is so distinguished a member, will be hailed with joy in every section of the country."

THE OMNIBUS.—The New York "Sunday Atlas" has a very amusing caricature of the Omnibus, which is driven by Mr. Clay, and contains as passengers his twelve associates on the committee of thirteen. The writer is not in his graphic description of the driver or his passengers, assign to them a very enviable destination, or honest motive, for the drive, and thinks their next journey will be to the land of oblivion, or the new settlements of Salt River. He assigns to Mr. Bright a very conspicuous place, and is the only Senator he treats with any kind of justice or fairness. After an allusion to Mr. Dickinson, of New York, he says: "Next to the New York Cato, sits an Indiana Roman, who is always willing to do his duty and aid all benevolent designs, in behalf of the people, provided he is satisfied of their utility. He is a plain, modest man, endowed with great good sense, unshaken integrity and a nice sense of honor. He is not little, but that little is always apposite."

TEXAS.—THE INDIANS.—The New Orleans Crescent of August 8, says: By the arrival of the Portland, from Galveston, we are in receipt of full files of Texas papers. We have learned, with regret, says the Houston Telegraph of the 1st instant, from a gentleman who has just arrived from Texas, that the whole country between the San Antonio and Cibola is infested with hostile Indians. They are dispersed in numerous small bands in all directions from the head of the Cibola to the vicinity of Galveston, and are entertained that several settlements have been massacred. These Indians pass by the military stations as if the soldiers were so many cattle. They have stolen horses and murdered citizens almost in sight of the head-quarters of the command. This year's incursion, says the Houston Telegraph, has been the most successful in the history of the country, and an efficient force would be sent out to chastise them, has tended to destroy all confidence in the General Government.

The Victoria Advocate learns that several murders and robberies have recently been committed by the Indians west of the Nueces, and in the neighborhood of San Antonio and San Antonio. There are said to be a large number of Indians now in the section of country above referred to.

A rumor has reached Victoria that Mr. C. Harrison, a Mexican named Casteo, have been recently murdered by the Indians, a short distance west of the Nueces.

Myers, Quartermaster U. S. Boundary Survey Commission, arrived at Victoria on the 24th ult. He is now prepared to purchase horses and mules for the expedition, if delivered at that place soon.

The Western Star gives a rumor prevalent in the Red River counties, that there are about 1000 Indians gathered on that frontier with hostile intentions.

Brevet Major Brooke has issued order for a vigorous campaign against the Indians infesting the country between the Nueces and the Rio Grande. Lieut. Col. Hardee, of the Second Dragoons, will have the command.

The Texas chivalry would be better employed in ridding their frontiers of these savages, than in making war on the United States. It looks well for a people who cannot protect themselves against a few hundred Indians, to talk of going to war with the United States.

Ohio and Indiana Railroad.—A road with this name is about to be built commencing at the junction between the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad, and running in a north-west direction through Bucyrus in Crawford Co. to Fort Wayne in Indiana, thence around Lake Michigan to Chicago. The eastern section will be begun at once, from Bucyrus, the Commissioners of Crawford County having subscribed \$100,000 toward the work. The route will connect Pittsburgh, Lake Erie, Chicago and Galena.—Cleveland Ohio Dem.

Up to Saturday evening twenty-two deaths by cholera had occurred in the penitentiary. There were then some twenty in the hospital. Nearly between the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad, and running in a north-west direction through Bucyrus in Crawford Co. to Fort Wayne in Indiana, thence around Lake Michigan to Chicago. The eastern section will be begun at once, from Bucyrus, the Commissioners of Crawford County having subscribed \$100,000 toward the work. The route will connect Pittsburgh, Lake Erie, Chicago and Galena.—Cleveland Ohio Dem.

Army Movements.—The St. Louis Republic of the 11th says: We learn that the 7th regiment of the U. S. Infantry, Col. Plympton commanding, which has just returned from Florida, and has scarcely encamped at Jefferson barracks after severe service, has received orders from the Secretary of War to prepare for distant service, and move immediately for Fort Leavenworth, where the instructions, we understand, have also been received to push forward with the possible dispatch, the equipment and mounting of the recruits for the dragon regiment, of whom about 300 are now at Jefferson barracks. We know not the purpose of these movements, but they look very much as if President Fillmore is preparing to support his position in the question between Texas and Mexico. The promptness of the movement would indicate a determination to be prepared for any contingency.

Kossuth's Letter to Gen. Cass.—The Washington Union publishes an eloquent letter to the Hungarian leader and patriot, Lewis Kossuth, addressed to Gen. Cass, expressing himself and his down-trodden country, for the efforts of the former to suspend diplomatic relations with Austria, in token of reprobation for her flagitious conduct.

NORTH CAROLINA ELECTIONS.—The democrats appear to have achieved a complete victory at the late elections in North Carolina. According to the Raleigh Standard, they have gained 14 members of the Legislature, and lost 7. The Senate, it says, will stand 27 democrats to 23 whigs, and the House 65 democrats to 55 whigs—making 14 democratic majority. For Governor the vote stands: for Reid, democrat, 44,111; for Manly, whig, 40,656; and three counties (Caldwell, Yancey and Gates) to hear from, which, it is expected, will reduce Reid's majority to about 3,000.

ANOTHER LAKE ACCIDENT.—Collision of the steamer Lexington and propeller Allegheny!—On Tuesday evening, at about 11 o'clock, the steamer Lexington came in collision with the Propeller Allegheny, just abreast of this port and about five miles out. The Lexington was bound up with 250 or 300 emigrants, mostly Germans. The Propeller had her deck crowded with fat cattle and but little other freight on board. The particulars of the collision, as we gather them from persons on board the Lexington, are these:—The steamer was heading for this port, and the propeller was on the larboard side making out when first seen. When it was ascertained that a collision could not be avoided, the engine of the Lexington was stopped, and her wheels were motionless. The propeller struck her just forward of the wheel-house, stove through the guards and false sides, and demolished almost wholly the cook-house and upper and lower berths for nearly forty feet forward. Fortunately no cabin passenger was on board, and but three persons were hurt. The Lexington was crowded with fat cattle and but little other freight on board. The particulars of the collision, as we gather them from persons on board the Lexington, are these:—The steamer was heading for this port, and the propeller was on the larboard side making out when first seen. When it was ascertained that a collision could not be avoided, the engine of the Lexington was stopped, and her wheels were motionless. The propeller struck her just forward of the wheel-house, stove through the guards and false sides, and demolished almost wholly the cook-house and upper and lower berths for nearly forty feet forward. Fortunately no cabin passenger was on board, and but three persons were hurt. The Lexington was crowded with fat cattle and but little other freight on board. 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Nov. 17, 1848, H. R. & E. D.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 31, 1850.

Mr. Hon. John W. Davis, of this State, U. S. Commissioner to China, arrived at Washington on the 19th.

the national democracy. In the Senate it has never faltered, but has met every crisis with a calm and unshaken faith in that creed which is so sure to outlive the assaults of its

Something like 4000 this time was spent in determining whether the select committee of thirteen should be appointed. This was decided on the 19th of April; on the 8th of May the bill was reported, and then nearly three months were spent in debate. We have not ventured to undertake to count the number of speeches made. From three to five hundred is a moderate estimate.

concludes with the remark that he "expects to hear such accounts of their sufferings as will make all good christians say their prayers."—The writers mean of knowing the condition if the emigrants were ample and intimate, we shall look forward with great solicitude for further intelligence.

domatic representative in Lisbon. Other-
 Count d'Ojal, the present minister of
 affairs, is a man of scrupulous diplo-
 matic etiquette, and it is yet possible that the
 the arbitration of a third power; or that
 the arbitration will average the claim, for which
 division ought to have been made at the
 of Ghent.

Empire, Texas, &c.—Colon's Life and Times of Clay,
 Life and Voyages of American Vespers,
 Heroes of the American Revolution.
 Rigness of the Declaration of Independence,
 Headley's Washington and his Generals,
 Life of General, Doctor's Washington,
 Mendel's Life of Gen. Scott. Life of Gen. Jackson,
 Life of Gen. Taylor, Mason, George, Putnam,
 Life of Gen. Lafayette, Robespierre,
 Life and Writings of DeWitt Clinton.
 What I saw in California, Bryan's Kot See and Jordan.
 Waver. Aug. 31, 1852.

Cash paid for Wheat.
THE very highest market price paid in CASH
for any quantity of WHEAT, at the Farm
Depot. ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

